Federal Acquisition Regulation

acquisition of services (including construction) require that the products are—

- (1) Energy-efficient (ENERGY STAR® or Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)-designated);
 - (2) Water-efficient;
 - (3) Biobased:
- (4) Environmentally preferable (e.g., EPEAT-registered, or non-toxic or less toxic alternatives);
 - (5) Non-ozone depleting; or
 - (6) Made with recovered materials.
- (b) The required products in the contract actions for services include products that are—
- (1) Delivered to the Government during performance:
- (2) Acquired by the contractor for use in performing services at a Federallycontrolled facility; or
- (3) Furnished by the contractor for use by the Government.
- (c) The required products in the contract actions must meet agency performance requirements.
- (d) For purposes of meeting the 95 percent sustainable acquisition requirement, the term "contract actions" includes new contracts (and task and delivery orders placed against them) and new task and delivery orders on existing contracts.

23.104 Exceptions.

This subpart does not apply to the following acquisitions:

- (a) Contracts performed outside of the United States, unless the agency head determines that such application is in the interest of the United States.
 - (b) Weapon systems.

23.105 Exemption authority.

- (a) The head of an agency may exempt—
- (1) Intelligence activities of the United States, and related personnel, resources, and facilities, to the extent the Director of National Intelligence or agency head determines it necessary to protect intelligence sources and methods from unauthorized disclosure;
- (2) Law enforcement activities of that agency and related personnel, resources, and facilities, to the extent the head of an agency determines it necessary to protect undercover operations from unauthorized disclosure;

- (3) Law enforcement, protective, emergency response, or military tactical vehicle fleets of that agency; and
- (4) Agency activities and facilities in the interest of national security.
- (b) If the head of the agency issues an exemption under paragraph (a) of this section, the agency must notify the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality in writing within 30 days of the issuance of the exemption.
- (c) The agency head may submit through the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality a request for exemption of an agency activity other than those activities listed in paragraph (a) of this section and related personnel, resources, and facilities.

Subpart 23.2—Energy and Water Efficiency and Renewable Energy

SOURCE: 66 FR 65352, Dec. 18, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

23.200 Scope.

- (a) This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for—
- (1) Acquiring energy- and water-efficient products and services, and products that use renewable energy technology; and
- (2) Using an energy-savings performance contract to obtain energy-efficient technologies at Government facilities without Government capital expense.
- (b) This subpart applies to acquisitions in the United States and its outlying areas. Agencies conducting acquisitions outside of these areas must use their best efforts to comply with this subpart.

[66 FR 65352, Dec. 18, 2001, as amended at 68 FR 28082, May 22, 2003]

23.201 Authorities.

- (a) Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6361(a)(1)) and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.).
- (b) National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253, 8259b, 8262g, and 8287).
- (c) Section 706 of Division D, Title VII of the Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009 (Pub. L. 111-8).

23.202

- (d) Title VI of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7671, et seq.).
- (e) Executive Order 11912 of April 13, 1976, Delegations of Authority under the Energy Policy and Conservation
- (f) Executive Order 13221 of July 31, 2001, Energy-Efficient Standby Power Devices.
- (g) Executive Order 13423 of January 24, 2007, Strengthening Federal Environmental, Energy, and Transportation Management.
- (h) Executive Order 13514 of October 5, 2009, Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance.

[76 FR 31399, May 31, 2011]

23.202 Policy.

- (a) Introduction. The Government's policy is to acquire supplies and services that promote a clean energy economy that increases our Nation's energy security, safeguards the health of our environment, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions from direct and indirect Federal activities. To implement this policy, Federal acquisitions will foster markets for sustainable technologies, products, and services. This policy extends to all acquisitions, including those below the simplified acquisition threshold and those at or below the micro-purchase threshold (including those made with a Government purchase card).
- (b) Water-efficient. In accordance with Executive Order 13514, dated October 5, 2009, Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance, it is the policy and objective of the Government to use and manage water through water-efficient means by—
- (1) Reducing potable water consumption intensity to include low-flow fixtures and efficient cooling towers;
- (2) Reducing agency, industry, landscaping, and agricultural water consumption; and
- (3) Storm water management in accordance with section 438 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17094) as implemented in http://www.epa.gov/nps/lid/section438.

[76 FR 31400, May 31, 2011]

23.203 Energy-efficient products.

- (a) Unless exempt as provided at 23.204—
- (1) When acquiring energy-consuming products listed in the ENERGY STAR® Program or Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)—
- (i) Agencies shall purchase ENERGY STAR® or FEMP-designated products; and
- (ii) For products that consume power in a standby mode and are listed on FEMP's Low Standby Power Devices product listing, agencies shall—
- (A) Purchase items which meet FEMP's standby power wattage recommendation or document the reason for not purchasing such items; or
- (B) If FEMP has listed a product without a corresponding wattage recommendation, purchase items which use no more than one watt in their standby power consuming mode. When it is impracticable to meet the one watt requirement, agencies shall purchase items with the lowest standby wattage practicable; and
- (2) When contracting for services or construction that will include the provision of energy-consuming products, agencies shall specify products that comply with the applicable requirements in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.
- (b) Information is available via the Internet about—
- (1) ENERGY STAR $^{\otimes}$ at http://www.energystar.gov/products; and
- (2) FEMP at http://www1.eere.energy.gov/femp/procurement/eep requirements.html.

 $[72 \ FR \ 65872, \ Nov. \ 23, \ 2007]$

23.204 Procurement exemptions.

An agency is not required to procure an ENERGY STAR® or FEMP-designated product if the head of the agency determines in writing that—

- (a) No ENERGY STAR® or FEMP-designated product is reasonably available that meets the functional requirements of the agency; or
- (b) No ENERGY STAR® or FEMP-designated product is cost effective over the life of the product taking energy cost savings into account.

[72 FR 65872, Nov. 23, 2007]